Stop and Think Before You Drink

Alcohol is all around us. And many people enjoy a drink now and then. But drinking – especially drinking too much – can hurt your health and get you into trouble. Stop and think before you drink.

Remember, you don't have to drink.

- Decide for yourself if you want to drink. Don't let friends decide for you.
- It's okay not to drink if you have to drive or are getting up early the next day, or just because you don't want to.

If you do decide to drink...

- ✓ Don't drink on an empty stomach.
- Set your own pace don't try to keep up with other people.
- Have no more than one alcoholic drink per hour.
- Sip your drink slowly. Make it last.
- Drink water or juice between alcoholic drinks.
- When you know you've had enough, stop drinking.

Be safe.

- If you're going out, let someone know where you will be.
- Plan to have a non-drinking driver or another safe way home.
- Watch your drinks someone could add drugs or more alcohol.
- Alcohol and medicines often don't mix (check with your doctor).

Drinking games are dangerous.

 Doing shots or playing drinking games can quickly lead to drinking too much, too fast – and can cause alcohol poisoning.





©2013 Journeyworks Publishing. All Rights Reserved. Title #5601e

This PDF is copyrighted. Permission is granted to reprint or post electronically for non-commercial use, with the restriction that it must be reprinted in its entirety, including copyright and contact information and this permissions statement. With the exception of this expressly granted permission, this PDF may not be downloaded, stored, reproduced or transmitted for other uses without the prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Organizations interested in ordering printed copies of this in bulk or posting electronically for commercial use can contact Journeyworks Publishing for a price quote.

Journeyworks Publishing P.O. Box 8466 • Santa Cruz • CA 95061 800 • 775 •1998 www.journeyworks.com

This pamphlet is not a substitute for professional medical care. If you have questions or concerns, please talk with a health care provider.

Drinking too much or too often?

Here are just a few of the things that can happen:

- Alcohol poisoning from drinking too much, too fast.
- Slacking off at school or work.
- ✓ Drunk driving and accidents that can kill.
- Unprotected sex and risk of sexually transmitted infections.
- Risk of sexual assault.
- Harm to your liver and other parts of your body.
- Arrests and trouble with the law.
- Alcohol addiction.

IF YOU THINK YOU'RE DRINKING TOO MUCH, YOU CAN GET HELP TO CUT BACK OR TO STOP. START BY CALLING 1-800-662-HELP (1-800-662-4357).



WARNING SIGNS OF ALCOHOL POISONING

Alcohol poisoning can kill you. Doing shots and binge drinking – having three to five drinks or more, one right after the other – can lead to alcohol poisoning. Signs of alcohol poisoning include:

- Not waking up
- Vomiting
- Seizures
- Slow breathing (fewer than eight breaths per minute)
- Irregular breathing (10 seconds or more between breaths)
- Cold, clammy skin
- Bluish skin color, or paleness
- Low body temperature

IF YOU THINK SOMEONE IS SHOWING SIGNS OF ALCOHOL POISONING, CALL 911.



Stop and think before you drink.

©2013 Journeyworks Publishing. All Rights Reserved.

Title #5601e

This PDF is copyrighted. Permission is granted to reprint or post electronically for non-commercial use, with the restriction that it must be reprinted in its entirety, including copyright and contact information and this permissions statement. With the exception of this expressly granted permission, this PDF may not be downloaded, stored, reproduced or transmitted for other uses without the prior written permission of the copyright owner.

Organizations interested in ordering printed copies of this in bulk or posting electronically for commercial use can contact Journeyworks Publishing for a price quote.

Journeyworks Publishing P.O. Box 8466 • Santa Cruz • CA 95061 800 • 775 • 1998 www.journeyworks.com This pamphlet is not a substitute for professional medical care. If you have questions or concerns, please talk with a health care provider.

